

## **ANIMAL HEALTH IMPORT REQUIREMENTS FOR POULTRY AND POULTRY PRODUCTS BY KENYA AND THE EAST AFRICAN REGION MEMBER STATES**

1. A Declaration that the exporting country is free from Low Pathogenic Avian Influenza (LPAI) and Highly Pathogenic Avian Influenza (HPAI)
2. Attestation that the day old chicks/table broilers/poultry products were kept in a LPAI and HPAI free zone/compartments since they were hatched, reared or laid and were derived from parent, commercial broiler/egg producer flocks which had been kept in a NAI free country for at least 21 days prior to and at the time of the collection of the eggs.
3. The day old chicks/table broilers/poultry products come from establishments which are regularly inspected by the Commissioner Animal Health and from hatcheries/farms that are regularly inspected by the Commissioner (a copy of the latest inspection report being attached to the International Veterinary Certificate), and which also comply with the standards referred to in the OIE Terrestrial Animal Health Code.
4. For chicks, they should have been produced by parents, which had been revaccinated with a killed Infectious Bursal Disease (Gumboro) vaccine before the point of lay
5. For day old chicks and table broilers, they should not have been vaccinated against avian infectious bronchitis, or else were vaccinated against avian infectious bronchitis (the nature of the vaccine used and the date of vaccination shall also be stated in the certificate) and are the progeny of parent flocks which:
  - a. Come from establishments and hatcheries which are recognized as being free from avian infectious bronchitis, based on the results of serological tests;
  - b. Come from establishments in which vaccination against avian infectious bronchitis is not practiced on the parent stock; or
  - c. Come from establishments in which vaccination against avian infectious bronchitis is practiced on the parent stock;
6. For day old chicks and table broilers, they should not have been vaccinated against Infectious Laryngotracheitis (ILT); or else were vaccinated against ILT (the nature of the vaccine used and the date of vaccination shall also be stated in the certificate),  
And, are the progeny of parent flocks which:
  - a. Come from establishments and/or hatcheries which are recognized as being free from ILT, based on the results of serological tests;
  - b. Come from establishments in which vaccination against ILT is not practiced on the parent stock; or
  - c. Come from establishments in which vaccination against ILT is practiced on the parent stock;
7. The day old chicks, table broilers and poultry products-eggs come from establishments free from Avian Mycoplasmosis;
8. The day old chicks, table broilers and poultry products-eggs come from establishments free from Avian Leucosis;

9. The day old chicks and table broilers have not been vaccinated against Fowl Cholera (FC) or else were vaccinated against FC (the nature of the vaccine used and the date of vaccination shall also be stated in the certificate),  
And, are the progeny of parent stock which:
  - a. Come from establishments and/or hatcheries which are recognized as being free from FC
  - b. Come from establishments and/or hatcheries in which vaccination against FC is not practiced on the parent stock; or
  - c. Come from establishments and/or hatcheries in which vaccination against FC is practiced on the parent stock
10. The day old chicks and table broilers come from establishments and/or hatcheries which are recognized as being free from Fowl Typhoid and Pullorum Disease;
11. For day old chicks, they should have been vaccinated against Marek's Disease (the nature of the vaccine used and the date of vaccination shall also be stated in the certificate)
12. The day old chicks and table broilers were hatched, kept and reared in an New Castle Disease (NCD) free zone or compartment,  
And, the poultry products-eggs were derived from poultry flocks which had been kept in an NCD free zone, compartment for at least 21 days prior to and at the time of the collection of the eggs,  
And, if the parent stock, commercial poultry/or broiler establishment were vaccinated against NCD, the nature of the vaccine used and the date of vaccination should also be attached to the certificate.
13. The day old chicks, table broilers and poultry products are shipped in clean and single use/unused packages

The following additional conditions are to be fulfilled by importers:

14. The original copy of the import permit issued by the Veterinary Authorities of Kenya must accompany the consignment of poultry and poultry products, along with the International Veterinary Health Certificate, the test results and other attestations specified in Part 2, 9 and 10 above and presented to the Veterinary Officer/Inspector at the port of entry
15. Before the release of the poultry/poultry products to the importers in the final destination of the Member State, the Veterinary Officer/Inspector has to verify the health status of the products/chicks/table broilers, the accompanying International Veterinary Health Certificate from Uganda and enter the consignment in the Traceability Record System (TRS) of the importing Member State of the East African Community.